

Version 3.1 Revision Date 30.01.2023 Supercedes Version: 3.0 SDS Number 30000000110 Print Date 29.03.2023

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier :	Oxygen
CAS No. :	7782-44-7
Chemical formula :	O2
Synonyms :	Oxygen, Oxygen gas, Gaseous Oxygen, GOX
REACH Registration Number:	Listed in Annex IV / V REACH, exempted from registration.

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Substance/Mixture		Industrial and professional use. Perform risk assessment prior to use.
Restrictions on Use	:	None.
1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet	:	Air Products Plc 2 Millennium Gate Westmere Drive Crewe Cheshire
Email Address – Technical Information	:	GASTECH@airproducts.com
Telephone	:	+44(0)3457 020202
1.4. Emergency telephone number	:	+44(0)8085 020202

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

## 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Oxidizing gases - Category 1 H270:May cause or intensify fire; oxidiser. Gases under pressure - Compressed gas. H280:Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

### 2.2. Label elements

Hazard pictograms/symbols

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# SAFETY DATA SHEET

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Signal Word: Danger

### Hazard Statements:

H270:May cause or intensify fire; oxidiser. H280:Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

### Precautionary Statements:

Prevention	: P220:Keep away from clothing and other combustible materials P244:Keep valves and fittings free from oil and grease.	i.
Response	: P370+P376 : In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so.	
Storage	: P403:Store in a well-ventilated place.	

### 2.3. Other hazards

High pressure, oxidizing gas. Vigorously accelerates combustion. Keep oil, grease, and combustibles away. May react violently with combustible materials. Substance does not meet the criteria for PBT and vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex XIII.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1. Substances

Components	EC number	CAS Number	Concentration (Volume)
Oxygen	231-956-9	7782-44-7	100 %
Componente	Classification (CLE	D)	DEACH Dog No

Components	Classification (CLP)	REACH Reg. No.
Oxygen	Ox. Gas 1 ;H270	*1
	Press. Gas (Comp.) ;H280	

\*1:Listed in Annex IV / V REACH, exempted from registration.

\*2:Registration not required: substance manufactured or imported < 1 t/y.

\*3:Registration not required: substance manufactured or imported < 1 t/y for non-intermediate uses.

Specific concentration limits, M-factors and ATEs are not applicable for components of this product.

Refer to section 16 for full text of each relevant hazard statement (H).

Concentration is nominal. For the exact product composition, please refer to technical specifications.

3.2. Mixtures : Not applicable.

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

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4.1. Description of first aid r General advice		asures Remove victim to uncontaminated area wearing self-contained breathing apparatus. Keep victim warm and rested. Call a doctor. Apply artificial respiration if breathing stopped.
Eye contact	:	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
Skin contact	:	Adverse effects not expected from this product. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
Ingestion	:	Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.
Inhalation	:	Consult a physician after significant exposure. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped or is labored, give assisted respirations. Supplemental oxygen may be indicated. If the heart has stopped, trained personnel should begin cardiopulmonary resuscitation immediately.
4.2. Most important sympto	m	s and effects, both acute and delayed
Symptoms	:	No data available.
4.3. Indication of any immed Treatment		ate medical attention and special treatment needed If exposed or concerned: Get medical attention/advice.
SECTION 5: Firefighting meas	ure	es
5.1. Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media	:	The product itself does not burn. Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.
Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons.	:	Do not use water jet to extinguish.
5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture	:	Upon exposure to intense heat or flame, cylinder will vent rapidly and or rupture violently. Oxidant. Strongly supports combustion. May react violently with combustible materials. Some materials which are noncombustible in air may burn in the presence of an oxidizer. Move away from container and cool with water from a protected position. Keep adjacent cylinders cool by spraying with large amounts of water until the fire burns itself out. If possible, stop flow of product.
5.3. Advice for firefighters	:	Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. Standard protective clothing and equipment (Self Contained Breathing Apparatus) for fire fighters. Standard EN 137 - Self-contained open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus with full face mask. Standard EN 469 - Protective clothing for firefighters. Standard - EN 659: Protective gloves for firefighters.
Further information	:	Some materials that are noncombustible in air will burn in the presence of an oxygen enriched atmosphere (greater than 23.5%). Fire resistant clothing may burn and offer no protection in oxygen rich atmospheres.

# SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

SAFETY DATA SH	ET	
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6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Clothing exposed to high concentrations may retain oxygen 30 minutes or longe and become a potential fire hazard. Stay away from ignition sources. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when enterin area unless atmosphere is proved to be safe. Ventilate the area.	е
6.2. Environmental precautions	Do not discharge into any place where its accumulation could be dangerous. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.	
6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up	Ventilate the area.	
Additional advice	If possible, stop flow of product. Increase ventilation to the release area and monitor concentrations. If leak is from cylinder or cylinder valve, call the emergency telephone number. If the leak is in the user's system, close the cylinder valve, safely vent the pressure, and purge with an inert gas before attempting repairs.	
6.4. Reference to other sections	For more information refer to Sections 8 & 13.	

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

## 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

All gauges, valves, regulators, piping and equipment to be used in oxygen service must be cleaned for oxygen service. Oxygen is not to be used as a substitute for compressed air. Never use an oxygen jet for cleaning purposes of any sort, especially clothing, as it increases the likelihood of an engulfing fire. Only experienced and properly instructed persons should handle compressed gases/cryogenic liquids. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. Do not allow storage area temperature to exceed 50°C (122°F). Before using the product, determine its identity by reading the label. Know and understand the properties and hazards of the product before use. When doubt exists as to the correct handling procedure for a particular gas, contact the supplier. Do not remove or deface labels provided by the supplier for the identification of the cylinder contents. When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders. Leave valve protection caps in place until the container has been secured against either a wall or bench or placed in a container stand and is ready for use. Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. Before connecting the container, check the complete gas system for suitability, particularly for pressure rating and materials. Before connecting the container for use, ensure that back feed from the system into the container is prevented. Ensure the complete gas system is compatible for pressure rating and materials of construction. Ensure the complete gas system has been checked for leaks before use. Employ suitable pressure regulating devices on all containers when the gas is being emitted to systems with lower pressure rating than that of the container. Never insert an object (e.g. wrench, screwdriver, pry bar, etc.) into valve cap openings. Doing so may damage valve, causing a leak to occur. If user experiences any difficulty operating cylinder valve discontinue use and contact supplier. Close container valve after each use and when empty, even if still connected to equipment. Never attempt to repair or modify container valves or safety relief devices. Damaged valves should be reported immediately to the supplier. Do not use containers as rollers or supports or for any other purpose than to contain the gas as supplied. Never strike an arc on a compressed gas cylinder or make a cylinder a part of an electrical circuit. Do not smoke while handling product or cylinders. Never re-compress a gas or a gas mixture without first consulting the supplier. Never attempt to transfer gases from one cylinder/container to another. Always use backflow protective device in piping. When returning cylinder install valve outlet cap or plug leak tight. Never permit oil, grease, or other readily combustible substances to come into contact with valves or containers containing oxygen or other oxidants. Do not use rapidly opening valves (e.g. ball valves). Open valve slowly to avoid pressure shock. Never pressurize the entire system at once. Use only with equipment cleaned for oxygen service and rated for cylinder pressure. Never use direct flame or electrical heating devices to raise the pressure of

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a container. Containers should not be subjected to temperatures above 50°C (122°F).

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Containers should be stored in a purpose build compound which should be well ventilated, preferably in the open air. Full containers should be stored so that oldest stock is used first. Stored containers should be periodically checked for general condition and leakage. Observe all regulations and local requirements regarding storage of containers. Protect containers stored in the open against rusting and extremes of weather. Containers should not be stored in conditions likely to encourage corrosion. Containers should be stored in the vertical position and properly secured to prevent toppling. The container valves should be tightly closed and where appropriate valve outlets should be capped or plugged. Container valve guards or caps should be in place. Keep containers tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Store containers in location free from fire risk and away from sources of heat and ignition. Full and empty cylinders should be segregated. Do not allow storage temperature to exceed 50°C (122°F). Display "No Smoking or Open Flames" signs in the storage areas. Return empty containers in a timely manner.

## **Technical measures/Precautions**

Containers should be segregated in the storage area according to the various categories (e.g. flammable, toxic, etc.) and in accordance whit local regulations.

## 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Refer to section 1 or the extended SDS if applicable.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

If applicable, refer to the extended section of the SDS for further information on CSA.

DNEL: Derived no effect level (Workers) None available.

PNEC: predicted no effect concentration None available.

### 8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering measures

Ensure adequate ventilation.

### Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection	<ul> <li>Not required under normal use. Self contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) or positive pressure airline with mask are to be used in oxygen-deficient atmosphere.</li> <li>Users of breathing apparatus must be trained.</li> </ul>
Hand protection	<ul> <li>Wear work gloves when handling gas containers.</li> <li>Gloves must be clean and free of oil and grease.</li> <li>Standard EN 388 - Protective gloves against mechanical risk.</li> </ul>
Eye/face Protection	: Safety glasses recommended when handling cylinders. Standard EN 166 - Personal eye-protection.
	5/12

: If applicable, refer to the extended section of the SDS for further information on

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

CSA.

**Environmental Exposure** 

Controls

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties		
(a) Physical state	Gaseous. Compressed gas.	
(b) Colour	Colorless gas.	
(c) Odour	No odor warning properties. Odour threshold is subjective and inadequate to warn of overexposu	re.
(d) Melting point/freezing point	-219 °C(-362 °F)	
(e) Boiling point/range	-183 °C(-297 °F)	
(f) Flammability	Non flammable.	
(g) Lower and upper explosion limit	Lower explosion limit : Not applicable. Upper explosion limit : Not applicable.	
(h) Flash point	Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures.	
(i) Auto-ignition temperature	Not applicable.	
(j) Decomposition temperature	Not applicable.	
(k) pH	Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures.	
(I) Kinematic viscosity	Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures.	
(m) Water solubility [20°C]	0.039 g/l	
(n) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)	Not applicable for inorganic gases.	
(o) Vapour pressure	Not applicable for compressed gases and gas mixtures.	
(p) Density and/or relative density	0.0013 g/cm3 at 21 °C	
(q) Relative vapour density	1.105 (air = 1) Heavier than air.	
(r) Particle characteristics	Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures. Nanoforms are not relevant for gases and gas mixtures.	

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### 9.2. Other information

Oxidising properties	: Coefficient of oxygen equivalency Ci :1
Critical temperature	: -118.8 °C ( -182 °F )
Molar mass	: 32 g/mol

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity	: No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.
10.2. Chemical stability	: Stable under normal conditions.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Violently oxidises organic material.
10.4. Conditions to avoid	: None under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).
10.5. Incompatible materials	: Flammable materials. Organic materials. Avoid oil, grease and all other combustible materials.
10.6. Hazardous decomposition products	: No data available.

# SECTION 11: Toxicological information

## 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Likely routes of exposure	
Effects on Eye	: In case of direct contact with eyes, seek medical advice.
Effects on Skin	: Adverse effects not expected from this product.
Inhalation Effects	: Breathing 75% or more oxygen at atmospheric pressure for more than a few hours may cause nasal stuffiness, cough, sore throat, chest pain and breathing difficulty. Breathing pure oxygen under pressure may cause lung damage and also central nervous system effects.
Ingestion Effects	: Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.
Symptoms	: No data available.
Acute toxicity	
Acute Oral Toxicity	: No data is available on the product itself.
Acute Inhalation Toxicity	: No data is available on the product itself.
Acute Dermal Toxicity	: No data is available on the product itself.

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Skin corrosion/irritation	:	No data available.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	:	No data available.
Sensitization.	:	No data available.

Chronic toxicity or effects from long term exposures

Carcinogenicity	No data available.	
Reproductive toxicity	No data is available on the product itself.	
Germ cell mutagenicity	No data is available on the product itself.	
Specific target organ systemic toxicity (single exposure)	No data available.	
Specific target organ systemic toxicity (repeated exposure)	Premature infants exposed to high oxygen concentrations may suffer retinal damage that can progress to retinal detachment and blindness damage may also occur in adults exposed to 100% oxygen for extend (24 to 48 hr). At two or more atmospheres central nervous system (CI occurs. Symptoms include nausea, vomiting, dizziness or vertigo, mus twitching, vision changes and loss of consciousness and generalized s three atmospheres, CNS toxicity occurs in less than two hours and at atmospheres in only a few minutes.	. Retinal led periods NS) toxicity scle eizures. At
Aspiration hazard	No data available.	

## 11.2. Information on other hazards

The substance/mixture has no endocrine disrupting properties.

# SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity		
Aquatic toxicity	:	No data is available on the product itself.
Toxicity to other organisms	:	No data is available on the product itself.

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

No data available.

## 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Refer to Section 9 "Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)".

## 12.4. Mobility in soil

Because of its high volatility, the product is unlikely to cause ground pollution.

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## 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

If applicable, refer to the extended section of the SDS for further information on CSA.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

The substance/mixture has no endocrine disrupting properties.

### 12.7. Other adverse effects

No ecological damage caused by this product.

Effect on the ozone layer Ozone Depleting Potential	:	No known effects from this product. None
Effect on global warming Global Warming Potential	:	No known effects from this product. None

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

 13.1. Waste treatment methods
 Return unused product in original cylinder to supplier. Contact supplier if guidance is required. Refer to the EIGA code of practice Doc. 30 "Disposal of Gases", downloadable at http://www.eiga.org for more guidance on suitable disposal methods. List of hazardous waste codes: 16 05 04\*: gases in pressure containers (including halons) containing hazardous substances.

Contaminated packaging : Return cylinder to supplier.

# SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number or ID number UN/ID No.	: UN1072
14.2. UN proper shipping name Transport by road/rail (ADR/RID) Transport by air (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR) Transport by sea (IMDG)	: OXYGEN, COMPRESSED : Oxygen, compressed : OXYGEN, COMPRESSED
14.3. Transport hazard class(es) Label(s) Transport by road/rail (ADR/RID) Class or Division ADR/RID Hazard ID no. Tunnel Code Transport by air (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR) Class or Division	: 2.2 (5.1) : 2 : 25 : (E) : 2.2

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Transport by sea (IMDG)	
Class or Division	

14.4. Packing group	
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: 2.2

14.5. Environmental hazards

Transport by road/rail (ADR/RID) Marine Pollutant	:	No
Transport by air (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR) Marine Pollutant	:	No
Transport by sea (IMDG) Marine Pollutant Segregation Group	:	No None

## 14.6. Special precautions for user

Transport by air (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR)	
Passenger and Cargo Aircraft	: Transport allowed
Cargo Aircraft only	: Transport allowed

### Further Information

Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's compartment. Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency. The transportation information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory data relating to this material. For complete transportation information, contact customer service.

## 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable.

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

## 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Country/Region	Regulatory list	Notification
USA	TSCA	Included on Inventory
Australia	AU AIICL	Included on Inventory
Canada	DSL	Included on Inventory
Japan	ENCS (JP)	Included on Inventory
Korea	KECI (KR)	Included on Inventory
China	IECSC	Included on Inventory
Switzerland	CH INV	Included on Inventory
Taiwan	TCSI	Included on Inventory

### Other Regulations

REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No

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1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC, amended by OJ L 136, 29.05.2007, as amended.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878 of 18 June 2020 amending Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH). OJ L 203, 26.06.2020, as amended.

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006. OJ L 353, 31.12.2008, as amended.

SEVESO III: EU. Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III) on major accident hazards involving dangerous substances, Annex I

: P4 Oxidising gases, Category 1

Listed. Oxygen

## 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A CSA does not need to be carried out for this product.

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.

Hazard Statements: H270 May cause or intensify fire; oxidiser. H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

Indication of Method: Oxidizing gases Category 1 May cause or intensify fire; oxidiser. Calculation method

Gases under pressure Compressed gas. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. Calculation method

Abbreviations and acronyms: ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 REACH - Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances ELINCS - European List of Notified Chemical Substances CAS# - Chemical Abstract Service number **PPE - Personal Protection Equipment** Kow - octanol-water partition coefficient **DNEL - Derived No Effect Level** LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose) NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration PNEC - Predicted No Effect Concentration **RMM - Risk Management Measure OEL - Occupational Exposure Limit** 

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PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative STOT - Specific Target Organ Toxicity CSA - Chemical Safety Assessment EN - European Standard UN - United Nations ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road IATA - International Air Transport Association IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail WGK - Water Hazard Class

Key literature references and sources for data: ECHA - Guidance on the compilation of safety data sheets ECHA - Guidance on the application of the CLP Criteria ECHA - Database of registered substances https://echa.europa.eu 3E database

Prepared by : Air Products and Chemicals, Inc. Global EH&S Department

For additional information, please visit our web site at http://www.airproducts.com

This Safety Data Sheet has been established in accordance with the applicable European Directives and applies to all countries that have translated the Directives in their national laws. COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878 of 18 June 2020 amending Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH).

Details given in this document are believed to be correct at the time of going to press. Whilst proper care has been taken in the preparation of this document, no liability for injury or damage resulting from its use can be accepted.